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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/619,199	07/14/2003	Todd C. Adelmann	200310022-1	6368	
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HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY Intellectual Property Adminstration P.O. Box 272400 Fort Collins, CO 80527-2400			GOMA, TAWFIK A		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2627		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/619,199	ADELMANN, TODD C.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Tawfik Goma	2627			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SH WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DAINS insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 Ju</u>	<u>ine 2006</u> .				
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This	action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-21 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the liderawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
2) Notice 3) Infor	nt(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:				

DETAILED ACTION

This action is in response to the amendment filed on 6/1/2006.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 3-8, 10-12, 14-18, and 20-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Binnig et al (US 5835477).

Regarding claim 1, 14 and 19 Binnig discloses a storage device, system and method comprising: a probe (all 6 tips together form a probe, fig. 5a) having plural tips (46, fig. 5A); and a storage medium having a surface in which storage cells (33, fig. 3) are to be formed (fig. 8), the plural tips of the probe to form plural perturbations in the surface in at least one of the storage cells for representing a data bit (figs 5a, 6). Binning discloses that plural perturbations are formed in each cell by the plural tips, wherein each tip forms a data bit, which reads on the claim language.

Regarding claim 3 and 15, Binnig further discloses wherein the probe comprises a cantilever with the tips attached to and extending outwardly from the cantilever (col. 3 lines 19-27 and col. 8 lines 66 thru col. 9 line 1).

Regarding claim 4, Binnig further discloses wherein the probe is adapted to scan the perturbations of the at least one storage cell with at least one of the tips to

detect a state of the data bit as being either a logical "0" or logical "1." (col. 5 lines 31-53 and col. 6 lines 58-63)

Regarding claim 5, Binnig further discloses wherein presence of at least one perturbation in a storage cell represents a first state of the data bit, and absence of perturbations in a storage cell represents a second state of the data bit, the storage device further comprising a detector to indicate that the at least one storage cell contains a data bit at the first state in response to the probe detecting at least one of the redundant perturbations (41, 42, 43, figs. 4, 5A and col. 8 lines 43-58).

Regarding claim 6 and 20, Binnig further discloses a second probe, the second probe having plural tips to form plural perturbations in the surface in another storage cell to represent a second data bit (col. 13 lines 1-9).

Regarding claim 7 and 17, Binnig further discloses wherein the probe is part of an array of probes; each probe in the array of probes having plural tips (fig. 8 and col. 13 lines 1-9).

Regarding claim 8 and 21, Binnig further discloses a substrate in which the probe is formed (col. 3 lines 23-25); and an actuator to move at least one of the substrate and the storage medium to adjust relative positions of the substrate and the storage medium (col. 5 lines 55-66n and col. 6 lines 7-22).

Regarding claim 10, Binnig further discloses wherein the tips of the probe are in contact with the surface of the storage medium to form the perturbations (col. 11 lines 39-46 and claim 4).

Regarding claim 11, Binnig further discloses wherein the tips of the probe are heated to form dents in the surface, the perturbations comprising the dents (col. 4 lines 45-47).

Regarding claim 12, Binnig further discloses wherein fewer than all of the tips of the probe are in contact with the surface of the storage medium to perform a read (col. 6 lines 7-22).

Regarding claim 16, Binnig further discloses wherein the probe is adapted to read the two perturbations of the at least one storage cell with at least one of the tops to detect a state of the data bit (fig. 5). Binnig discloses wherein two of the data bits can be read by two of the tips which reads on the claimed language.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Binnig et al (US 5835477) in view of Miyazaki et al (US 5412597).

Regarding claim 13, Binnig further disclose wherein the probe comprises a cantilever to which the tips are attached, the cantilever being actuated to a different positions to engage the fewer than all of the plural tips of the probe to contact the surface of the storage medium (col. 6 lines 27-37). Binning fails to disclose wherein the cantilever is actuated to a slanted position. In the same field of endeavor, Miyazaki

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discloses actuating a cantilever to a slanted position to detect the slope of the recording medium (fig. 21). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the actuator disclosed by Binnig with the operation disclosed by Miyazaki. The rationale is as follows: One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to actuate the cantilever to a slanted position in order to detect a slant of the recording medium (col. 23 lines 21-32).

Claims 2, 9 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Binnig (US 5835477) in view of Albrecht et al (US 2003/0218960).

Regarding claims 2, 9 and 18, Binnig further discloses wherein the probe is adapted to form plural groups of perturbations on the surface of the storage medium to write plural data bits in respective storage cells, and the actuator is adapted to scan the probe over the plural groups of perturbations to read the data bits (fig. 6, 8 and col. 5 lines 55-60). Binning fails to disclose wherein the groups of data bits are redundant data bits. In the same field of endeavor, Albrecht discloses recording redundant data bits (fig. 4 and pars. 109 and 143). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the recording system disclosed by Binning with the method of recording redundant data as taught by Albrecht. The rationale is as follows: One of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention would have been motivated to provide redundant data in order to account for random disturbances (see Albrecht par. 143).

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Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 6/1/2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Regarding applicant's argument that Binnig does not teach a probe with plural tips as opposed to plural probes with plural tips, the examiner asserts that the array of "probes" in fig. 5a can be interpreted as a single probe with plural tips (46, fig. 5a) since they can all be mounted together (col. 8 lines 66-67 thru col. 9 line 1). Therefore, Binnig discloses a probe (the entire array in fig. 5a, and col. 8 lines 66-67 thru coll. 9 line 1) with plural tips as claimed in claims 1, 14 and 19.

Further in regard to claims 1, 14 and 19, applicant's arguments that Binnig does not disclose plural tips form plural perturbations for representing "a" data bit are not persuasive because the claim language "a data bit" does not limit the claim to applicant's interpretation presented in the argument. The claim as it stands can be interpreted to mean that plural perturbations are formed in each cell, wherein each perturbation within the cell represents a data bit. The claim does not recite that the plural perturbations are formed for representing 'only a single data bit' or something to that effect. Furthermore, the claims recites that the perturbations are formed "in at least one of the storage cells," therefore, two perturbations for example can be formed in two storage cells such that each cell only contains one perturbation formed by each tip. There is no claim language that limits the claim such that plural perturbations are formed to represent only a single data bit. Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tawfik Goma whose telephone number is (571) 272-4206. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 am - 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, William Korzuch can be reached on (571) 272-7589. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.